## TY 2007 USE-VALUE ESTIMATES

 Table 1: Estimated use value of agricultural land

 in Greene. (\$/Acre)

Land Class	Use Value Without Risk	Use Value With Risk
Ι	160	160
II	150	140
III	110	100
IV	90	80
Avg. I - IV	120	110
V	70	60
VI	50	50
VII	30	30
Avg. V – VII	40	40
Avg. I – VII	100	90
VIII	10	10

 Table 2: Estimated use value of orchards in
 Greene. (\$ / Acre)

Land Class	Use Value of Apple Orchard	Use Value of Other Orchard
Ι	160	160
II	140	140
III	100	100
IV	80	80
V	70	70
VI	50	50
VII	30	30
VIII	10	10

\* n.a. = not applicable

# **Contacts**

Questions regarding any *statutorily* related issues surrounding use-value assessment should be directed to Keith Mawyer or Tom Morelli at the Property Tax Unit, Virginia Department of Taxation. Questions regarding the *technical* aspects of the methodology used to produce the use-value estimates reported in this brochure should be directed to Lex Bruce or Gordon Groover at the Department of Agricultural and Applied Economics, Virginia Tech.

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# Estimated Use Value of Agricultural and Horticultural Land in GREENE

Estimates apply to Tax Year 2007



September 12, 2006 Prepared by Monica Licher & Lex Bruce

State Land Evaluation and Advisory Committee Virginia Department of Taxation



## USE-VALUE TAXATION IN VIRGINIA

Virginia law allows for *eligible* land in agricultural, horticultural, forest or open space use to be taxed based upon the land's value in use (use value) as opposed to the land's market value. The State Land Evaluation and Advisory Council (SLEAC) was created in 1973 with the mandate to estimate the use value of eligible land for each jurisdiction participating in the use-value taxation program. The SLEAC contracts annually with the Department of Agricultural and Applied Economics at Virginia Tech to develop an objective methodology for estimating the use value of land in agricultural and horticultural A technical advisory committee, uses. comprised of professionals familiar with Virginia agriculture, was established in 1998 to provide guidance on the technical aspects of developing an appropriate methodology. The members of the SLEAC have officially sanctioned the use value estimates reported in this brochure.

## **ROLE OF THE SLEAC ESTIMATES**

Section 58.1 – 3229 of the *Code of Virginia* requires each participating jurisdictions assessment office to *consider* the SLEAC estimates when assessing the use value of eligible land. However, the local assessing office is not required to use the SLEAC estimates verbatim. Under certain circumstances, adjustments to the SLEAC

estimates may be necessary to accurately reflect local conditions that affect the use values of eligible land parcels.

## TY 2007 Use-Value Estimates

Tables 1 & 2 report the estimated use values of agricultural and horticultural land applicable to tax year 2007 in **Greene**. These estimates are based upon the capitalized net income that a *bona-fide* agricultural or horticultural enterprise located in the county could be expected to earn. These values are updated annually for public information. Note, the local assessing office can only make changes to assessed property values during a reassessment year.

Table 1 lists the estimated use value of land in *agricultural* use for each of the eight Soil Conservation Services land capability classifications. Because data on the land class composition of individual parcels is often unavailable, average use values have also been provided.<sup>1</sup> The average of land in classes I – IV represents the average use value of *cropland*. The average of land in classes V – VII represents the average use value of *pastureland*. The average of land in classes I –VII represents the average use value of all agricultural land.<sup>2</sup> The without risk estimates apply to land that is not at risk of flooding. The with risk estimates should only be applied to land parcels that are at risk of flooding due to poor drainage that cannot be remedied by tilling or drainage ditches.

Table 2 lists the estimated use value of land in *orchard* use. The values are reported for both apple orchard and "other" orchard for each of the eight Soil Conservation Services land capability classifications. Other orchard refers to peach, pear, cherry, or plum production. Data limitations prohibit the computation of average use values applicable to orchards.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data limitations prohibited the computation of average use values in a few counties and in most independent cities and townships.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Note class VIII land is not considered suitable for agricultural production and is therefore not included in this average.

#### Table 2: The composite farm and average net returns in Greene

Annual net returns are determined through budgeting for each crop listed. The net returns shown in this table represent an "olympic" average of the annual net returns from 1999-2005. In an olympic average, the highest and lowest values are dropped prior to calculating the arithmetic mean. A complete listing of this table for each jurisdiction participating in the land use program is available at the Virginia Department of Taxation.

Average net returns applicable to tax-year 2007 .

	Total Acreage /1/	Composite Farm /2/	Estimated Net Returns (\$/Acre)
1. Number of Farms	214	1.	
<ol> <li>Corn</li> <li>Alfalfa and mixtures</li> <li>Clover and grasses</li> <li>Other hay and seeds /3/</li> <li>Wheat</li> <li>Barley</li> <li>Soybeans</li> </ol>	282.00 366.00 D 6573 D  D	1. 2. 31.	\$164.40 \$35.42  \$3.15 
9. Potatoes 10. Cotton 11. Double-cropped /4/ 12. Total Cropland Harvested	70.00 (-) <b>7151</b>	  (-) <b>34.</b>	   \$9.79

n.a. = not applicable

D = Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual farms. The composite farm is based only on those crops for which acreages were reported in the 2002 Census of Agriculture.

1/ Data taken from the 2002 Census of Agriculture.

2/ Some data do not add exactly due to rounding and some categories are not listed due to disclosure rules.

3/ Net returns to other hay and seeds is assumed to be two-thirds of net returns to clover and grasses.
 4/ Double-cropped acreage is subtracted from the crops listed in lines 2-10 to arrive at total cropland

harvested acreage.

Table2:34

#### Table 3: Worksheet for estimating the use value of agricultural land in Greene

A complete listing of this table for each jurisdiction participating in the land use program is available at the Virginia Department of Estimates are applicable to tax-year 2007

1. Estimated net return per acre of cropland harvested	\$9.79
2. Capitalization rates:	
a) Interest rate component /1/	0.0750
b) Property tax component /2/	0.0066
c) Rate without risk component (sum a and b)	0.0815
d) Risk component (0.05 times 2c)	0.0041
e) Rate with risk component (sum a, b, and d) /3/	0.0856

3. Unadjusted use value of cropland harvested:			W/O Risk (1 divided 2c) <u>\$120.13</u>	
4. Soil Index I	Factor			
	Land Class	Cropland Acreage /4/	Productivity Index	Weighted Acreage

Acreage /4/	Index	Acreage
2044	1.50	3066
2362	1.35	3188
6660	1.00	6660
2521	0.80	2016
13587		14930
	2362 6660 _2521	2044         1.50           2362         1.35           6660         1.00           2521         0.80

Soil index factor /5/ 1.099

#### 5. Agricultural use value adjusted by land class:

<u>Class</u>	Land Index	Estimated use value		
		W/O Risk	W/Risk	
I	1.50	<u>\$163.99</u>	<u>\$156.18</u>	
11	1.35	<u>\$147.59</u>	<u>\$140.56</u>	
111	1.00	<u>\$109.33</u>	<u>\$104.12</u>	
IV	0.80	<u>\$87.46</u>	<u>\$83.30</u>	
V	0.60	<u>\$65.60</u>	<u>\$62.47</u>	
VI	0.50	<u>\$54.66</u>	<u>\$52.06</u>	
VII	0.30	<u>\$32.80</u>	<u>\$31.24</u>	
VIII	0.10	<u>\$10.93</u>	<u>\$10.41</u>	

W/Risk (1 divided 2d) \$114.41

n.a. = not applicable because jurisdiction does not meet criterion for quota use value.

1/ An average of long term interest rates charged by the various AgFirst Associations serving Virginia.

2/ The effective true tax rate reported by the Virginia Department of Taxation.

3/ This rate should only be used when the soil has poor drainage that is not remedied by tiling or drainge ditches or when the land lies in a floodplain.

4/ Data provided by the Virginia Conservation Needs Inventory of 1967.

5/ Total Weighted Acreage / Total Cropland Acreage

#### Table 5: Worksheet for estimating the use value of orchard land in Greene

The estimated net returns assume a planting density of 135 trees per acre. A complete listing of this table for each jurisdiction participating in the land use program is available at the Virginia Department of Taxation.

Estimates apply to tax-year 2007.

VII

VIII

0.40

0.00

#### 1. Estimated net returns (loss) per acre applicable to tax-year 2007 (see Table 4 for more detail).

1. Estimated her re	turns (1033) per acre app			cian).	
Age of	Trees	Processed Fruit	Percent of Total /1/	Fresh Fruit	Percent of Total /1/
Pre-production aged	trees (1 - 4 years)	(\$1,545.61)	7.0%	(\$1,632.71)	3.0%
Early-production age	d trees (5 - 10 years)	(\$822.82)	17.5%	(\$1,570.33)	7.5%
Full-production aged	trees (11 - 25 years)	\$619.81	35.0%	(\$1966.25)	15.0%
Late-production age	d trees (26 - 30 years)	\$166.58	10.5%	(\$2606.51)	4.5%
2. Weighted Averac	e Net Return for 1999-20	05.			
	05 /2/		(\$	596.75)	
b) 200	04			\$14.54	
c) 200	03			\$19.52	
d) 200	02			\$34.64	
e) 200	01		(5	\$113.52)	
f) 200	00		(5	\$154.70)	
g) 199	99			\$108.20)	
3. Net Returns					
	to trees and land ("olympic	average of 2a thru 2g)	3/	\$6.81	
	attributable to land only (c			\$8.91	
,	attributable to trees only (3	,		(\$2.10)	
5. Capitalization Ra		<i>ca ca</i> ,		<u>(<u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u></u>	
a) Interest Ra				0.0750	
b) Property T				0.0066	
	on of Apple Trees /5/			0.0333	
	on of "Other" Trees			0.0500	
	hard Capitalization Rate			0.1149	
	chard Capitalization Rate			0.1315	
,	ble Orchard and "Other" (	Drchard		<u> </u>	
		APPLE ORCHA	RD	"OTHER"	ORCHARD
Land Class	Orchard Index /7/	Trees Only Tr	ees and Land /8/	Trees Only	Trees and Land /8/
I	0.80	<u>(\$14.65)</u>	<u>\$149.34</u>	<u>(\$12.79)</u>	<u>\$151.20</u>
II	1.00	<u>(\$18.31)</u>	<u>\$129.28</u>	<u>(\$15.99)</u>	<u>\$131.60</u>
III	1.00	(\$18.31)	<u>\$91.01</u>	(\$15.99)	<u>\$93.33</u>
IV	1.00	<u>(\$18.31)</u>	<u>\$69.15</u>	<u>(\$15.99)</u>	<u>\$71.47</u>
V	0.75	<u>(\$13.73)</u>	<u>\$51.86</u>	(\$11.99)	<u>\$53.60</u>
VI	0.60	<u>(\$10.99)</u>	<u>\$43.68</u>	<u>(\$9.59)</u>	<u>\$45.07</u>
N // I	0.40	(07.00)		(00.40)	<b>AAA AA</b>

1/ These percentages assume that 70% of the fruit is produced for the processed market and 30% is produced for the fresh market. In addition, it is assumed that the orchard is 10% pre-production, 25% early production, 50% full production and 15% late

<u>\$25.47</u>

\$10.93

2/ This is the average net return of the eight orchard categories listed in section 1 of this table. The weights are provided by the percent of total trees represented by each category.

3/ In an olympic average, the highest and lowest values are dropped prior to calculating the arithmetic mean.

<u>(\$7.32)</u>

\$0.00

4/ This is determined by dividing the unadjusted net return value (Table 3 - Line 1) by the soil index factor (Table 3 - Section 4).

5/ The depreciation rate applicable to apple trees assumes that trees are replaced on a 30-year rotation.

6/ "Other" trees refers to peach, cherry, pear, and plum trees. The depreciation rate applicable to "other" trees assumes that trees are replaced on a 20-year rotation.

7/ The orchard index is applicable only in determining the value of the trees. The land index (Table 3 - Section 5) is applied to

8/ The use value of trees and land is determined by adding the appropriate without-risk- land-use-value (see Table 3 - Section5) to the use value of the trees.

<u>\$26.40</u>

\$10.93

(\$6.40)

\$0.00